

## Impact of The Desert Environment with special Regard to S.W. ASIA

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The Desert Environment is a Natural Equilibrium Between Land Resources and Flow of Energy in the same Period and in Some area in which the Biomass Production decrease, as Rhecxistasy, in Contrast to Biostasy.

The Degradation of Ressources is in relation whit the suceptililhy of land for their:

1) Geological history, Such as Tectonic, which Provide the erosion an base-level change in endoric bassin; Volacnic or Hydrothermal and diapirism activity; the Lithology, improving the Weatering Processus For Minerals and Rochs, and dissoluton of evaparites

2) Their geographic situation and climatology (Horse Latitude) and gföfal change, which öleter min the energy flow Such as.

Insolation, atmospheric circuration, evaporation, wind a activity and coriolis effect. providing more desertification in Eastern Part than western, in endoreic area of low latitude in which the cold geological Periode produce more biomass than warm periode.

In S.W. ASIA as well. as.un.IRAN. the salty Neogine Layers are subject to very important erosion by new tectonic movments, increasing the desrtifeation, in Which the anthrogenic monitering have a secondary effect to Prevent the land degradation.